

Question 8

The GAA is an example of a sporting, cultural or social movement that impacted on Irish life. Examine the two photographs below and answer the questions which follow.



Photograph 1: Camogie match played at Victoria Cross, Cork, in 1915.



Photograph 2: Camogie match played at Croke Park, Dublin, in 2019.

- (d)** Number the following developments in GAA history from 1 to 7, beginning with the earliest and ending with the most recent.

In 1903, a ladies hurling team, known as Keatings, was set up in Dublin. They drew up rules based on hurling and called the game 'camogie'.	
The GAA was founded in 1884.	1
In 1974, the Ladies Gaelic Football Association was founded.	
By 2008, there were 515 camogie clubs and 1,100 ladies football clubs in Ireland and abroad.	
In 1932, the first all-Ireland camogie final was held.	
Today, women play a significant role in the GAA, but they are still under-represented in sponsorship deals, media attention and at high official level.	
The Camogie Association was founded in 1905.	

- (e)** Name a sporting, cultural or social movement you studied which has had an impact on Irish life (at local or national level).

- (f) If you were asked to contribute to a history of the movement you studied, name **one** event you would focus on and explain why this event deserves to be remembered.

Event:
Why this event deserves to be remembered:

- (g) Identify two different sources you would use to find out about this event. Explain how each source could help your research.

First source:
How this source could help your research:
Second source:
How this source could help your research: