

Name:

HISTORY MATTERS 365 - THE GREAT IRISH FAMINE Quiz

Instructions: Match the term on the right with the term on the left.

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| 1. ___ The number of people living in Ireland by 1841 | a. Lazybeds |
| 2. ___ The three main groups of people living in the Irish countryside | b. Quakers |
| 3. ___ Rented a conacre of land from, and laboured for a farmer | c. Cottier |
| 4. ___ Long ridges, fertilized with manure where cottiers grew potatoes | d. Subdivision of land. Dependence on the potato. Potato blight |
| 5. ___ Wandering labourers who travelled around looking for work | e. Landlords (mostly Protestant), Tenant farmers and Labourers (mostly Catholic) |
| 6. ___ Three reasons for the Great Famine | f. England, the United States and Canada |
| 7. ___ Years of the Great Famine | g. Workhouses |
| 8. ___ Ordered the importation of Indian corn in 1845 | h. Government of Lord John Russell |
| 9. ___ Allowed people to earn money by working on roads and piers | i. 1845-50 |
| 10. ___ Two problems of public works schemes | j. Overcrowded. Disease spread easily e.g. 'yellow fever' |
| 11. ___ Stopped the policy of buying corn for the starving Irish in 1846 | k. 1847 Soup Kitchen Act |
| 12. ___ The first to set up soup kitchens | l. 'Coffin ships' |
| 13. ___ Set up government soup kitchens in 1847. Scheme was only implemented for six months | m. The population fell by 2 million. Subdivision ended. Irish language declined further |
| 14. ___ Places where starving Irish could go to work, but had to abandon their families | n. Public works schemes |
| 15. ___ Two problems with workhouses | o. Government of Sir Robert Peel |
| 16. ___ Thousands emigrated each year to these countries | p. Spalpeens |
| 17. ___ Overcrowded ships with little food. Disease spread easily. Many died on board | q. Pay was very low. Workers were too weak to work |
| 18. ___ Three results of the Great Famine | r. 8.2 million |